

Record Sealing and Expungement in Ohio

A guide for adult convictions - **UPDATED: October 2025**



STEP 1: WHAT OFFENSES CANNOT BE SEALED OR EXPUNGED?

Ohio Revised Code (R.C) 2953.32 and 2953.34 do not apply to any of the following:

- 1st or 2nd degree felonies
- A 3rd degree felony if applicant has (2) or more felonies of any degree
- A 3rd degree felony if applicant has exactly (2) 3rd degree felonies + (2) misdemeanors + any other conviction
- Traffic convictions
- Theft in Office convictions
- Felony offenses of violence that are not sexually oriented offenses
- Sexually oriented offenses when the applicant is subject to the requirements of Chapter 2950 of R.C. (sex offender registry)
- Offenses in which the victim was less than 13 years old (**Note: does not apply to nonsupport of dependents.**)
- Domestic Violence convictions (**Note: 3rd/4th degree misdemeanor sealing allowed.**)
- Violating Protection Order convictions (**Note: sealing allowed.**)

Offenses of Violence (per R.C. 2901.01)

2905.01	Abduction
2909.02	Aggravated arson
2903.12	Aggravated assault
2911.11	Aggravated burglary
2903.21	Aggravated menacing
2903.01	Aggravated murder
2917.02	Aggravated riot
2911.01	Aggravated robbery
2909.03	Arson
2903.13	Assault
2911.12 (A)(1), (2), or (3)	Burglary
2919.25	Domestic violence
2919.22(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4)	Endangering children
2921.34	Escape
2905.11	Extortion
2903.11	Felonious assault
2907.12	(former) Felonious sexual penetration
2907.05	Gross sexual imposition
2923.161	Improperly discharging firearm
2917.01	Inciting to violence
2917.31	Inducing panic
2921.03	Intimidation
2921.04	Intimidation of attorney, victim, or witness
2903.04	Involuntary Manslaughter
2905.01	Kidnapping
2903.22	Menacing
2903.211	Menacing by stalking
2903.02	Murder
2903.34(A)(1)	Patient Abuse or Neglect
2903.15	Permitting child abuse
2907.02	Rape
2917.03	Riot
2911.02	Robbery
2907.03	Sexual battery
2903.18	Strangulation or suffocation
2917.321	Swatting
2909.24	Terrorism
2905.32	Trafficking in Persons
2903.03	Voluntary Manslaughter

Sexually Oriented Offenses (per R.C. 2950.01)

2905.02(B)	Abduction	2907.321	Pandering obscenity involving a minor or impaired person
2903.01	Aggravated murder*	2907.322	Pandering sexually oriented matter involving a minor or impaired person
2907.21	Compelling prostitution	2907.22	Promoting prostitution
2905.05(B)	Criminal child enticement	2907.09	Public indecency*
2919.22(B)(5)	Endangering children	2907.02	Rape
2903.11	Felonious assault*	2907.03	Sexual battery
2907.05	Gross sexual imposition	2907.06	Sexual imposition
2907.323	Illegal use of minor in nudity-oriented material or performance	2905.32	Trafficking in persons*
2907.07	Importuning	2905.03(B)	Unlawful restraint
2903.04(A)	Involuntary manslaughter*	2907.04	Unlawful sexual conduct with minor*
2905.01	Kidnapping*	2903.03(B)	Voluntary manslaughter
2903.211(A)(3)	Menacing by stalking	2907.08	Voyeurism
2903.02	Murder*		
2907.32	Pandering obscenity		

*Check R.C. 2950.01 for extended definition.

STEP 2: HAVE YOU SATISFIED THE WAITING PERIOD?

SEALING WAITING PERIODS:

- If applying to seal a **minor misdemeanor** → Wait six months after discharge.
- If applying to seal a **misdemeanor** → Wait one year after the misdemeanor* is discharged.
- If applying to seal a **fourth or fifth degree felony** → Wait one year after the fourth or fifth degree felony* is discharged.
- If applying to seal one or two **third degree felonies** → Wait three years after the third degree felony* is discharged.
- If applicant subject to Chapter 2950 (**sex offender registry**) → Wait five years after requirements have ended.

EXPUNGEMENT WAITING PERIODS:

- If applying to expunge a **minor misdemeanor** → Wait six months after discharge.
- If applying to expunge a **misdemeanor** → Wait one year after the misdemeanor is discharged.
- If applying to expunge a **fourth or fifth degree felony** → Wait eleven years after fourth or fifth degree felony is discharged.
- If applying to seal one or two **third degree felonies** → Wait thirteen years after the third degree felony is discharged.

A case is "discharged" when a person has fully completed any jail or prison sentence, any terms of probation or parole, and all payments of fines or fees that were a penalty for the conviction. Court costs are not part of a sentence, and unpaid court costs should not block an application.

*So long as none of the offenses is a violation of R.C. 2921.43. If the record includes a violation of R.C. 2921.43, applicant must wait seven years.

STEP 3: WHEN CAN A PERSON APPLY?

Are there pending criminal charges? The court will not seal or expunge any record if the applicant is facing pending charges. Applicants should wait until any pending cases have resolved. Depending on where in Ohio their records are, that could include completing requirements like probation.

Is the applicant unlikely to re-offend? Applicants must be able to show that they have been "rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the court." Applicants must also show that their interest in sealing a record is greater than any legitimate government needs to maintain those records.

STEP 4: HOW DOES A PERSON APPLY?

For each offense, complete an application in each court where there is a case to be sealed or expunged.

Every court has its own application forms and processes, so contact the Clerk of Courts to find out what documents to file and how to file them. The Clerk of Courts can usually disclose a person's case number, name and degree of the offense, date of conviction, and date of case discharge.

The filing fee will be \$50. A person can ask the court to waive this fee by completing a poverty affidavit (sometimes called an "affidavit of indigence"). If a hearing is scheduled, the applicant must attend.

NOTE: DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "SEALING" & "EXPUNGEMENT"

"Sealing" and "expungement" are words that certain places sometimes use interchangeably, but they have different legal effects. A granted expungement deletes and destroys a record and treats it as if it never occurred—sealing does not do this. Sealed records are removed from most public access, which is helpful for many employment and housing opportunities. If you were granted an expungement prior to 2023, you were likely granted a sealing, not true expungement.

NOTE: CONVICTION CLUMPING PROVISION

For purposes of determining third-degree felony eligibility, conviction clumping may be possible. When two or more convictions result from or are connected with the same act or result from offenses committed at the same time, they shall be counted as one conviction. When two or three convictions result from the same indictment/complaint, plea of guilty, or the same official proceeding, and result from related criminal acts that were committed within a three-month period but do not result from the same act or from offenses committed at the same time, they shall be counted as one conviction, **unless a court decides that it is not in the public interest** for the convictions to be counted as one conviction.

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If you have questions about eligibility or want to learn about how to overcome barriers of a criminal conviction, register for OJPC's Second Chance Legal Clinic at www.ohiojpc.org.

Disclaimer: This guide is a general source of information about criminal record sealing. It is not a substitute for individualized legal advice. For answers to specific questions, it is best to consult an attorney.

Ohio Justice & Policy Center
215 East Ninth Street, Suite 601
Cincinnati, OH 45202
513-421-1108

341 South Third Street, Suite 11
Columbus, OH 43215
614-362-1644

www.ohiojpc.org

